



VAN ZANDT COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT

Rules and Regulations

An order providing rules and regulations for the efficient and safe operation of the Van Zandt County Regional Airport, Airport Designator 76F (hereinafter referred to as the "Airport"); and to provide the greatest service for the citizens of Van Zandt County and the aviation public, is adopted by the Wills Point Economic Development Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "Airport Sponsor"), providing enforcement by Airport Sponsor or the Airport Manager, and providing penalties for violations; all as authorized by the Texas Transportation Code Chapter 22 "County and Municipal Airports".

The definition of "Airport", "aircraft", "airplane", and other common terms used herein is as defined in Part 1, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 14, Aeronautics and Space. "Airport" with a capital refers to the specific airport for which these rules are adopted.

Section 1. Use of Airport Restricted

No person, partnership, firm, association, corporation or entity, incorporated or otherwise, shall establish a permanent commercial business site on the airport premises unless approved by written permit from the Airport Sponsor or its duly authorized agent.

Section 2. General Rules and Regulations

The following rules and regulations shall be observed in the use and operation of the Airport:

Rule 2-1. Federal Air Traffic Rules - of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for aircraft operated within the United States, and presently or hereafter effective, are hereby referred to, adopted, and made a part hereof as though fully set forth and incorporated herein.

Rule 2-2. Safeguard of Persons and Property -The Airport Sponsor or Airport Manager shall at all times have authority to take necessary and legal actions to safeguard any person, aircraft, equipment, or property at the Airport.

Rule 2-3. Through-The-Fence Operations – No Through The Fence Operations without approval of Airport Sponsor and TxDOT Aviation.

Rule 2-4. Lien for Charges - To enforce the payment of any charge for repairs, improvements, storage, or care of any personal property by the City of Wills Point or its agents in connection with the operation of the Airport, the City of Wills Point may place a lien upon such personal property, which shall be enforceable as provided by law.

Rule 2-5. Lien Possessory Right - To enforce the payment of any such charge, the Airport Manager may retain possession of such personal property until all reasonable, customary, and usual compensation has been paid in full.

Rule 2-6. Unauthorized Signs and Equipment - No signs, non-aeronautical equipment, portable buildings, or trailers may be erected, moved-in, or installed on Airport property, except as may be specifically authorized by the Airport Sponsor or Airport Manager.

Rule 2-7. Wrecked Aircraft - Every aircraft owner, his/her pilot or agents, shall be responsible for notifying FAA and promptly removing disabled or wrecked aircraft from the operational areas of the Airport, under the direction of the Airport Manager.

Rule 2-8. Repairs to Aircraft - No aircraft shall be repaired on any part of the landing or takeoff area. Any preventative maintenance authorized by FAR Part 43 may be made by the owner or operator of any aircraft, but only within a hangar leased or owned by that aircraft owner or operator or at places designated by the Airport Manager for such purpose.

Rule 2-9. Damage to Airport - Any person, individual, or corporation or the owner of any aircraft causing damage of any kind to the Airport, whether through violation of any of these rules, through vandalism, or any act of negligence, shall be liable therefore in and to the City of Wills Point and Airport Sponsor.

Rule 2-10. Injury to Person - Persons entering the Airport groundside property by automobile, other vehicular conveyance, or on foot (does not include persons in aircraft using approved airside facilities) do so at their own risk and with no liability incurring to the City of Wills Point or Airport Sponsor for any injury or damage to person or property. Further, any person desiring to use the Airport shall observe and obey all laws, resolutions, orders, rules, and regulations promulgated and enforced by the City of Wills Point or Airport Sponsor or by any other Authority having jurisdiction over the operation of the Airport.

Rule 2-11. Licensed Pilot - All aircraft operations shall only be conducted by personnel as specifically authorized per latest FAA FARs and TxDOT regulations.

Rule 2-12. Registration - Each person owning an aircraft based at the Airport shall register at the office of the Airport Manager with name, address, telephone number, and aircraft "N" number. Transient pilots are requested to similarly register at the office of the Airport Manager.

Rule 2-13. Animals - No person shall enter the Airport with a dog, cat, or other animal unless the animal is, and remains, restrained by a leash or properly confined as determined by the Airport Manager.

Rule 2-14. Living Quarters - No person may make permanent living quarters on Airport.

Rule 2-15. Intoxicants and Narcotics Prohibited - No person under the influence of any intoxicant, narcotic, or other illicit drug shall operate any vehicle on Airport. Such prohibition shall not apply to a passenger under the care of a medical doctor and accompanied by a doctor, nurse, or caretaker.

Rule 2-16. Foreign Objects - No foreign objects, including bottles, cans, scrap, nuts, bolts, nails, or any object that may cause damage to an aircraft, shall be left upon the floor of any

building or upon any part of the surface area of the Airport. Individuals are encouraged to pick up such foreign objects when observed and place them in a trash receptacle.

Rule 2-17. Litter - No boxes, crates, cans, bottles, paper, tall grass, weeds, unusable airplane parts or wreckage, scrap wood or metal, discarded airplane or automobile tires, trash, or other litter shall be permitted to accumulate in or about a hangar, building, or other leased space. If such trash and litter is permitted to accumulate around a privately owned, rented, or leased hangar/ building, the Airport Manager shall notify the hangar/building owner, renter or lessee by registered letter to remove the offending litter. If within ten (10) work days after receipt of the letter the hangar/building owner, renter, or lessee has not removed the trash and/or litter as directed, the Airport Manager may have the area cleaned and the cost for such cleaning shall be charged to the hangar/building owner, renter, or lessee.

Section 3. Ground Operations

Rule 3-1. Air, Ground & Vehicular Traffic - No person shall operate a vehicle on the Airport except in accordance with the following rules, and all federal, state, and local law:

- A.** All vehicles shall yield right of way to aircraft in motion and emergency vehicles.
- B.** No vehicle except ground service and emergency vehicles shall approach so close to any aircraft with running engine(s) as to create a hazard.
- C.** All vehicles entering or exiting an operating Airport access gate shall wait for the gate to completely close behind them before proceeding to their destination so as to not allow the entry of any other vehicle.
- D.** Any vehicle authorized to operate on the Airport runways or taxiways shall display a rotating or steady beacon that complies with **FAA Advisory Circular 150/5210 (latest change)**, and/or prominently display an orange and white checkered flag and/or carry a two way radio tuned to the current Unicom frequency.

Rule 3-2. Speed Limits - All vehicles shall be operated within the posted speed limits at the Airport. The maximum speed limit for all vehicles in the airside area, with the exception of authorized municipal vehicles in the performance their official duties, is fifteen (15) miles per hour, unless posted otherwise.

Section 4. Airport Security

Rule 4-1. Security - The Transportation Security Administration publication "Security Guidelines for General Aviation Airports", Information Publication A-001 dated May 2004, is available for reference at their website - www.tsa.gov/

This document will be used by the Airport as a guideline to a security policy for the Airport and is incorporated as a working document to be referenced here.

Rule 4-2. Surreptitious Activities - Any person observing suspicious, unauthorized or criminal activities should report such activities immediately to the Airport Manager, local police, officers of the Texas Department of Public Safety, and the Transportation Security Administration General Aviation Information Hotline at 1-866-GA SECUR(E) or 1-866-427-3287.

Rule 4-3. Access Codes/Devices - Persons who have been provided either a code or device for the purpose of obtaining access to the Airport shall not divulge,

duplicate, or otherwise distribute the same to any other person, unless otherwise approved in writing by the Airport Manager.

Section 5. Aircraft Operation Rules

Rule 5-1. Aircraft Tie Downs

- A.** All aircraft not hangared shall be tied down.
- B.** All aircraft owners or their agents are responsible for the tie down or security of their aircraft at all times and particularly during inclement weather.
- C.** Aircraft parked overnight on the transient apron shall pay a tie down fee TBD for each night, except that such fee may be waived upon purchase of fuel or services.

Rule 5-2. Running Aircraft Engines

- A.** Aircraft not equipped with adequate brakes shall not be started until the wheels have been set with chocks attached to ropes or other suitable means of removing, or the aircraft has been tied down.
- B.** No aircraft will be left running without a qualified person at the controls, or tied down.
- C.** No aircraft engine shall be started or run inside any building or hangar.
- D.** No engine shall be started, run up, or warmed up until and unless the aircraft is in such position that the propeller stream or jet blast will clear all buildings, other aircraft, and groups of people.

Rule 5-3. Damage to Airport Lighting - Any person damaging any runway, ramp, or taxiway light or fixture by operation of aircraft or otherwise, shall immediately report such damage to the Airport Manager. Persons causing damage to runway and taxiway lights as a result of negligent operation of an aircraft or willful acts will be liable for replacement cost of the light(s) and/or fixture(s) and may be charged with a misdemeanor as provided in Section 10 of this order.

Rule 5-4. Taxiing Aircraft

- A.** No person shall taxi an aircraft until it is reasonably ascertained there will be no danger of collision with any person or object in the immediate area.
- B.** Aircraft will be taxied at a safe and prudent speed and in such manner as to be under the control of the pilot in command at all times.
- C.** Aircraft not equipped with adequate brakes will not be taxied near buildings or parked aircraft unless an attendant (wing-walker) is at a wing of the aircraft to assist the pilot.

D. Aircraft shall not taxi onto the runway from the ramp or the taxiway area if there is an aircraft approaching to land or on the ground in takeoff position. Aircraft waiting on the taxiway for another aircraft to take off or land will remain behind the runway holding position markings.

E. Aircraft shall not be taxied by engine power into or out of any hangar.

Rule 5-5. Parking Aircraft

A. Unoccupied aircraft shall not be parked or tied down within any protected area (object free area, runway safety area, etc.) as described in **FAA AC 150/5300-13** (latest change) and all aircraft not hangared shall be parked in the areas designated by the Airport Manager for that purpose.

B. Aircraft shall not be parked within fifty (50) feet of an aircraft fuel pump or fuel service truck parking, except during aircraft refueling operations.

C. Aircraft shall not be parked in such a manner as to hinder the normal movement of other aircraft and traffic unless specifically authorized by the Airport Manager as an emergency measure.

D. It is the responsibility of the pilot in command when leaving a parked aircraft unattended to see that the brakes are set and/or it is properly chocked and/or tied down.

Rule 5-6. Wash Racks - Wash racks shall be used for purposes of washing and polishing aircraft, and any other purpose approved by the Airport Manager. Washing / cleaning materials and run-off shall be used and disposed of in compliance with all applicable federal, state, county and local laws and regulations.

Rule 5-7. Authority to Suspend Operations - The Airport Manager may suspend or restrict any or all operations whenever such action is deemed necessary in the interest of safety.

Rule 5-8. Standard Traffic Pattern and Altitude, Non Towered Airports - Traffic pattern altitudes are 1000 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) for piston powered airplanes and 1500 feet AGL for turbine powered airplanes. Helicopters will operate as to not obstruct the normal traffic pattern. The use of standard traffic patterns does not alter the responsibility of each pilot to see and avoid other aircraft.

Rule 5-9. Takeoffs on Other Than Runways - Takeoffs and landings may only be made on paved runway, except as prearranged with Airport Manager. Helicopters may operate to and from designated helicopter landing areas.

Rule 5-10. Agricultural Spraying Operations - Agricultural (Ag) spraying operations on Airport will be conducted in accordance with procedures approved by the Airport Manager and made known to all persons conducting agricultural spraying operations. Ag operations shall be accomplished in accordance with the standards of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality in an area so designated by the Airport Manager. Each Ag

operator shall carry liability insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000.00 dollars, payable to the City of Wills Point for the cleanup of any hazardous chemical spills on Airport property caused by the Ag operator.

Rule 5-11. Special Procedures, Parachuting -

A. The Airport Manager may, in the interest of safety, designate special traffic procedures for certain operations, such as helicopters, air shows or aviation fly-ins, agricultural operations, gyroplanes, powered lift, gliders, balloons, airships, ultralights, and light sport aircraft in the weight shift control or powered parachute class. Any such change from standard procedures shall be published in the **FAA's Airport / Facility Directory** if of a permanent nature or the Airport Manager shall issue a **NOTAM** if such change is of a temporary nature. Permanent changes require filing through TxDOT Aviation Division to the FAA. Temporary closing of a portion of the airport for special events will be approved by the FAA, through TxDOT Aviation Division. See FAA Order 5190.6 (latest change).

B. Parachute descent onto the Airport property shall not be permitted without the written approval of the Airport Sponsor. The Airport Manager may develop operating procedures and designated landing areas for parachute operations.

Rule 5-12. Model Aircraft, Remote Piloted Vehicles - Model aircraft and RPV operations need specific approval of Airport Manager, who will follow current FAA guidelines on notifying aviation community.

Section 6. Fueling, Flammable. Fluids. and Fire Safety

Rule 6-1. Fueling Aircraft

A. All aircraft fueling, fuel equipment, and procedures will be in accordance with Manual 407 — “Standard for Aircraft Fuel Servicing, 2007 edition,” (or as revised) published by the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy MA 02169-7471, 800-344-3555, <http://catalog.nfpa.org>

B. All transportation, storage and other handling of aircraft and vehicle fuel shall comply with the International Fire Code, 2000 Edition, (or current edition) as published by the International Code Council, Inc. and FAA Advisory Circular 150/5230-4, (latest change).

C. All aircraft shall be fueled clear of all hangars, other buildings, and aircraft.

D. Fueling trucks shall not be parked within any building or hangar or within 10 feet of any building, hangar, or parked aircraft, as determined by the local Fire Marshall. Fuel trucks shall be parked with at least ten (10) feet separation between vehicles.

E. Aircraft fuel storage tanks for below-ground or above-ground use will be constructed and installed, registered as required, monitored for leakage, operated, and maintained in accordance with Federal and State statutes, rules, and regulations promulgated by the Environmental Protection Agency and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

F. Aviation or auto fuels shall not be stored within a hangar or building except in approved five (5) gallon or smaller containers manufactured and marked for such purpose.

G. Persons or businesses wishing to dispense fuel into their privately owned aircraft shall not be denied; however, they must meet all reasonable requirements the Airport Sponsor places on other fuel suppliers, public or private. Private fueling facilities located on leased or private property must be installed and the fuel dispensed in accordance with all rules applicable to aircraft fueling and fire safety contained herein.

H. Public sale of automobile gasoline for use in aircraft will not be permitted on the Airport without approval of the Airport Manager. All aviation fuel storage tanks, aviation fuel pumps, hydrant fuel services, and aircraft fuel service vehicles, whether publicly or privately owned, shall have the type of aviation fuel dispensed printed in large block letters, including octane if aviation gasoline, plus the fuel I.D. number, and "NO SMOKING" signs. This information shall be printed on all sides of the fueling tanks, pumps, etc. so the information is visible from any direction on the ground.

I. Fuel spills in excess of one gallon must be reported to the Airport Manager and immediate action taken by the spilling entity to clean up the spill in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations

Rule 6-2. Fuel Flowage Fee - Any person, corporation, partnership, association, or business entity of any kind, or any person acting for or through them, including, but not limited to, any wholesale fuel distribution company, who delivers fuel to an fuel storage tank or who delivers fuel obtained from a source not on the Airport directly into any aircraft on the Airport must pay the amount of \$.TBD per gallon of fuel delivered.

Payment to the Airport Sponsor of all fuel flowage fees due must be made not later than the fifteenth (15th) day of the month following the date of the fuel delivery.

Payment of fuel flowage fees shall be accompanied by a report in a form approved by the Airport Manager that indicates the amount of fuel delivered to the airport during the preceding month. Military aircraft conducting operations which require fueling from U.S. Government facilities are exempt from fuel flowage fees.

Rule 6-3. Fire Safety

A. Every person using the Airport or its facilities in any manner shall exercise the greatest care and caution to avoid and prevent fire.

- B.** Smoking or open flame within fifty (50) feet of any fuel tank, fuel pump, or fuel truck is prohibited.
- C.** No flammable substance shall be used for the cleaning of any aircraft part or anything inside a hangar, T-hangar, or other building upon the Airport.
- D.** Hangar entrances must be clear in a manner such that emergency or fire/rescue personnel and equipment can immediately access the hangar without hindrance.
- E.** The floors in all buildings shall be kept clean and free of oil. Volatile or flammable substances shall not be used to clean floors, walls or any portion of a hangar structure.
- F.** All Airport tenants and lessees shall supply and maintain such adequate and readily accessible fire extinguishers as may be required by applicable fire codes and regulations. Each fire extinguisher shall carry a suitable tag showing the date of most recent inspection.

Section 7. Lease of Airport Property and Construction on Airport

Hangars and other buildings or structures owned by the City of Wills Point may be leased to private individuals, companies, or corporations on a monthly or yearly basis for the storage of aircraft and ancillary equipment or to conduct a commercial Fixed Base Operation (FBO).

The City of Wills Point may lease property within the building area or other portions of the Airport for the construction of hangars, buildings, lean-tos, aprons, taxiways, and auto parking lots in accordance with an approved Airport Master Plan/Airport Layout Plan and design guidelines. Aviation related use must be given priority in the use of all leased or privately owned property, buildings or structures. If the aviation needs of the Airport are sufficiently met, the Wills Point City Council may authorize non-aviation use of any portion of the Airport or any building on the Airport on a case-by-case basis. Application of such non-aviation use shall be made to the Wills Point City Council; and approval from TxDOT Aviation Division must be received prior to granting authorization for non-aviation use.

Rule 7-1. Lease Term - No lease of airport property or facilities shall be granted for a term exceeding (20) years, however the initial term of a lease of airport property or facility may exceed twenty (20) years on a case by case basis, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances. Non-aviation leases shall not exceed eighteen (18) months.

Rule 7-2. Construction on Leased Property

- A.** The FAA Form 7460-1, "Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration," (or most current FAA approved form) will be completed for all construction and submitted to the Airport Manager to forward to TxDOT Aviation Division. TxDOT Aviation Division will review the form for completeness

and accuracy, then forward to the FAA for the air space study. A favorable determination must be received from the FAA prior to any construction on the Airport. No hangar or structure may be erected beyond the building restriction line or in conflict with the approved Airport Layout or Development Plan.

B. All plans and specifications for construction, renovation, remodeling, or refurbishing of the leased premises shall meet all current Standard Fire and Building Codes published by the Southern Building Code Congress and the National Electrical Code, and shall provide for the construction to be from material satisfactory and acceptable to the Airport Sponsor. All construction must be of a compatible standard capable of withstanding winds of 100 mph, with doors open or closed.

C. The Airport Sponsors written approval of the plans and specifications must be obtained prior to construction of the improvements.

D. Construction must begin within one hundred twenty (120) days after the effective date of the lease or final comment from TxDOT and the FAA for the filed air space study as required by **FAR Part 77**, whichever date is later. Construction must be substantially completed within one hundred eighty (180) days of start of construction. Projects anticipated to exceed 180 construction days require approval of the Airport Manager. The Improvements on the leased premises shall remain the tenant's property until expiration or termination of the lease and its covenants or as otherwise agreed to in the contract between the Airport Sponsor and the tenant.

E. Any privately owned structure or hangar not in use for aviation purposes for a period in excess of ninety (90) days or not available for lease or sublease for aviation purposes, unless so authorized for non-aviation uses by the Airport Sponsor, must be removed after due notice to the owner in writing or the Airport Sponsor will consider such structures or hangars abandoned and will seek title to such structure or hangar.

F. Leased land from which any building, hangar, or structure is removed, after due notice will be cleared, cleaned, and put back in its original or acceptable condition.

Rule 7-3. Assignment and Sub-letting - Without the prior written consent of Airport Sponsor, the leased premises or any rights there under (except to a leasehold mortgagee as herein provided) may not be assigned. Any assignment or subletting shall be expressly subject to all the terms and provisions of the original lease.

Rule 7-4. Flying Clubs - A Flying Club ("Club") shall meet the following standards:

A. At the time of applying for a lease, license, permit or agreement to

operate at the Airport, the Club shall furnish the Airport Manager with a copy of its documents of organization; the Club's list of members, including names of officers and managers; evidence of required insurance; a description of all aircraft used; and any operating rules of the Club.

B. All aircraft used by the Club shall be owned by the Club or leased exclusively by written agreement to the Club, and all ownership or lease rights to such aircraft must be vested on a pro-rata basis in all of the Club's members. The property rights of the Club members shall be equal, and no part of any revenues received by the Club shall inure to the direct benefit of any member (e.g., by salary or bonus). The Club shall not derive greater revenue from the use of its aircraft than the amount necessary for the operation, maintenance and replacement of its aircraft and facilities.

C. The Club's aircraft shall not be used by any person other than the Club's members.

Rule 7-5. Environmental Issues and Indemnification - Any tenant of the Airport, its agents, employees, independent contractors, or sub lessee shall not install, store, use, treat, transport or dispose of any:

A. Asbestos in any form

B. Urea formaldehyde foam insulation.

C. Transformers or other equipment which contain dielectric fluid containing levels of polychlorinated biphenyls in excess of 50 parts per million; or

D. Any other chemical, material, air pollutant, toxic pollutant, waste, or substance which is regulated as toxic or hazardous or exposure to which is prohibited, limited or regulated by the Resource Conservation Recovery Act, the Comprehensive and Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act, the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, the Clean Air Act, and/or the Clean Water Act or any other federal, state, county, regional, local or other governmental authority:

1. in amounts in excess of that permitted or deemed safe under applicable law;

2. or in any manner which is prohibited or deemed unsafe under applicable law. (The substances referred to in (A), (B), (C) or (D) are collectively referred to hereinafter as "Hazardous Materials").

Rule 7-6. Environmental Cleanup Laws - An Airport tenant will, at their own expense, comply with all existing or hereafter enacted laws relating to Hazardous Materials (collectively, "Cleanup Laws") in effect at the time of the lease, and all future laws thereafter. An Airport tenant will, at their own expense, make all submissions to provide all information to, and comply with all requirements of the appropriate governmental authority (the "Authority") under the Cleanup Laws.

Should any Authority require that a cleanup plan be prepared and that a cleanup be undertaken because of the existence of Hazardous Materials which were installed, stored, used, treated, transported, disposed of or discharged on the leased premises, by an airport tenant, its agents, employees, independent contractors or sub lessees during the term of a lease, the Airport tenant will prepare and submit the required plans and financial assurances in accordance with such Cleanup Laws. The Airport shall be indemnified and held harmless from and against all obligations, damages, injunctions, fines, penalties, demands, claims, costs, expenses, actions, liabilities, suits, proceedings and losses of whatever nature (including, without limitation, attorneys' fees and court costs), and all cleanup or removal costs and all actions of any kind arising out of or in any way connected with the installation, storage, use, treatment, transporting, disposal or discharge of Hazardous Materials in or on the leased premises by an Airport tenant.

Rule 7-7. Environmental Notices - An Airport tenant shall promptly supply the Airport Sponsor with copies of any notices, correspondence and submissions made or received from any governmental authorities of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration, or any other local, state or federal authority that requires submission of any information concerning environmental matters or Hazardous Materials.

Rule 7-8. Environmental Survival - An Airport tenant's liability pursuant to any environmental issue shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of their lease.

Rule 7-9. Non Discrimination Covenants

A. Each lease will include as a covenant running with the land to insure that:

1. No person on the grounds of race, color, sex, or national origin shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of the leased property;
2. That in the construction of any improvements on, over or under such land and the furnishing of services thereon, no person, on the grounds of race, color, sex or national origin, shall be excluded from participation in, denied benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination.

B. The right to conduct aeronautical activities for furnishing services to the public is granted to an Airport tenant subject to the agreement:

1. To furnish said services on a fair, equal and not unjustly discriminatory basis to all users.
2. To charge fair, reasonable, and not unjustly discriminatory prices for each unit or service provided an allowance may be made to make reasonable and nondiscriminatory discounts, rebates or other similar types of price reductions to volume purchasers.

Rule 7-10. Insurance - An Airport tenant shall during the term of lease maintain at their cost and expense insurance relating to the leased premises as follows:

A. Insurance against loss or damage to improvements by fire, lightning, and other risks included under standard extended coverage policies.

B. General public liability insurance against claims for bodily injury, death or property damage occurring on, in, or about the leased premises, such insurance to afford protection to City of Wills Point of not less than \$500,000.00 with respect to any one person, \$1,000,000.00 with respect to any one accident and not less than \$200,000.00 with respect to property damage.

C. Hangar keeper's liability insurance providing coverage for aircraft not owned by the tenant in the following limits: \$200,000.00 per aircraft and \$400,000.00 per occurrence on property damage to aircraft in the care, custody, or control of tenant.

D. All such policies of insurance shall be issued by insurance companies acceptable to the City of Wills Point, shall name the City of Wills Point as an additional insured or loss payee, as the case may be, and shall provide for at least ten (10) days written notice prior to cancellation or modification.

Rule 7-11. Hold Harmless - The City of Wills Point nor Airport Sponsor shall be liable to an Airport tenant's employees, agents, servants, customers, invitees, or to any other person whomsoever, for any injury to persons or damages to property on or about the leased premises or any adjacent area owned by the City of Wills Point or Airport Sponsor.

Section 8. Knowledge of Rules Implied

By publication and adoption of these rules, all persons shall be deemed to have knowledge of its contents. However, the Airport Manager is directed to have copies of the rules posted in paper or electronically, where appropriate. Copies shall be available at all times in the Airport Manager's office, and copies shall be furnished to all tenants, owners and operators of aircraft based at the airport.

Section 9. Conflict of Rules and Regulations

If and where there are conflicts in the rules and regulations prescribed herein and the **FAA's Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR)**, the latter shall prevail. If and where there exists a conflict between any of the rules or regulations prescribed herein and any other Airport Sponsor rules applicable to the same area, the more stringent limitation, or requirement shall govern and prevail. Tenants, lessees and airport users and potential users shall be afforded an appeal to any rule or requirement made by the Airport Manager or Airport Sponsor that they may choose to question or dispute. Such disputes or appeals shall be presented to the Airport Manager in Dispute. Such disputes or appeals shall be presented to the Airport Manager in writing and shall provide explanation and/or rationale and will make a specific request. The Airport Sponsor shall

respond with a definitive response within sixty (60) calendar days from receipt of the dispute or appeal. Should the Airport Manager fail to respond with a definitive answer or decision within 60 days, the elements of the appeal shall be deemed accepted as written. The Airport Sponsor may seek clarification from or ask reasonable questions of the appellant during this period and the appellant shall provide prompt and precise answers or information when that response information is reasonably available. Failure to respond with answers and data may be considered as sufficient ground for dismissal of the appeal without additional explanation. By mutual agreement, the Airport Sponsor and the appellant may extend the sixty day response up to a period of six (6) months from the date of appeal. Any tenant, by accepting or by entering into a lease with the Airport Sponsor agrees to accept an independent arbitration on any disagreements that cannot be resolved satisfactorily to both parties. The independent arbiter shall be selected based on the recommendation of an Official of TxDOT.

Section 10. Penalty for Violation

The Airport Manager may deny use of the Airport for a period not exceeding fifteen (15) days for any person violating or refusing to comply with any of the rules or regulations prescribed herein pending a hearing by the Airport Sponsor. Upon such hearing, such person may be deprived of the further use of the Airport and its facilities for a period of time as may appear necessary for the protection of life and property. The Airport Manager or Airport Sponsor may file a civil action if required to enforce the Airport Rules & Regulations.

Section 11. Severability

If any of the provisions of this Airport Rules & Regulations or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the rules which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of these rules are declared to be severable.

Section 12. Emergency Enactment

Whereas, the immediate operation of the provisions of these rules is necessary for the preservation of the public health, public safety, and general welfare, an EMERGENCY is hereby declared to exist, and these rules shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage by the Airport Sponsor of the City of Wills Point, Texas and publication and posting as required by law.

Read, passed and adopted by a vote of the Wills Point Economic Development Corporation of the City of Wills Point, Texas on the _____ day of _____, 2011.

a Texas Non-Profit Corporation,

By: _____

PAUL SHARP
President

Date: _____

ATTEST:

DYDE MANNING
Secretary/Treasurer

STATE OF TEXAS §
 §
COUNTY OF VAN ZANDT §

This instrument was acknowledged before me on the ____ day of _____ 2011,
by **PAUL SHARP**, President of the Wills Point Economic Development Corporation, a
Texas non-profit corporation, on behalf of said corporation.

Notary Public, in and for the State of Texas